- I have a fine suburban home,
 A landsome house and lot,
 With splended shrubbery and lawn,
 With thrifty garden-plot,
 That those who pass oft pause to see,
 And tell me to my face
- ow very much they envy me In having such a place. It has no beauty to my sight,
- No charm or power to please; Ifind no ple sure, day or nigat, No c mfort, resi, or ease. I leave with joy at early morn, Like one who quits a tomb; The meward walk with soul forlorn, And mind oppressed with glo
- I hear no music in the air, No sound that makes me glad; I find no secreation there, My heart is always sad. I live in torme at all the time, My neighbors' dogs delight o berk, to growl, to yelp and howl The livelong day and night.
- My sweet young wife has fretful grown To sleep, in vain she tiles; She means, she turns from side to side; The bany wakes and cries. There's not a bracket or a stene
- Upon the place to-day; For every loose thing I have thrown lo drive the curs away. They chose my costly chickens down-They kill them one by one; They loosely prowl about the town— Their owne s let them ren;
- They snap and snarl a passers-by; They steal our pies and meat; My little children cannot walk With safety on the street.
- They meauly crawl beneath my fence: They crush my pansies Lay; They never bow a spick of sense By driving cows away: no, if a neighbor I re nest To keep his dog confined. He calls me undeserving names,
- Ab, well! there is from all this wo But one escape. I'll try To sell my presty place and go-If any man will buy.

 Dea: Lord, I thank Thee gratefully
 That, when beyond the tid-. My neighbors p as the pearly gates, Their dogs are left outside.

BUDELL'S PROPOSAL.

This time two years ago our Square Club was flourishing; now I am sole member. Budell, Marby, Smithers and myself had formed ourselves into a private bachelors' club, for the purpose of whist and other intellectual occupations, and a very good time we contrived to have together. We hadn't many rules and by-laws for our club, We were sworn bachelors and each of us had to allege a reason why he did not intend to wed; but we had so far recognized the possibility of a change in our sentiments as to solemnly bind ourselves to inform the club at once if we should ever meditate "halving our pleasures and doubling our expenses.' Smithers said he hadn't time to marry; I was too poor, and Marby, who was regarded as our romantic member, gave us indefinitely to understand that "blighted affections" stood between him and the hymeneal altar. Budell at first laughed at the idea of assigning a reason, and he wished to allege that he hadn't met Mrs. Budell vet. That was unanimously rejected by the rest of the club; whereupon he insisted upon our accepting as an alternative that he was afraid of ladies. We were willing to stretch a point in favor of Budell. who was one of the jolliest possible fellows at a bachelor supper, and so we received this second reason. For the rest we nobly resolved not to fly, but to withstand temptation; our maxim was that every lady is charming so long as one is not married to her, and we were all ready to go into society, and even sustain the reputation of being "dancing men." We used to relate to each other over our celibate pipes wonderful stories of narrow escapes from guileful women every season; but if these were all as dependent upon the narrator's fancy for their important details as my contributions to the conversation, the escapes were somewhat more than hair's-breadth. Budell was especially a favorite in society; he was one of those rare phenomena, young barristers with some practice, and he had beside a very comfortable allowance from his father. Like the rest of the club, I had taken as a joke his assertion that he was afraid of ladies; but I gradually came to see that umbrella?" suggested Smithers. there was some truth in it. So long as Budell was in a large company-in a ball-room or any place like that-he was quite at his ease and as bold as a to fall a temporary captive to a solitary direct manner without any humbag." damsel's bow and spear he was almost overwhelmed with nervousness, and his usual powers of conversation completely deserted him. I once met him at the Royal Academy, escorting a very pretty young lady, and looking as uneasy as if he had a worse conscience than King Herod; and I have seen him tremble at a mere passing mention of the conserv- before a dainty little damsel who take did not affect the general verdict. atory by his partner at a dance. However, in the Square Club he was our us again with redoubled force, and we dance in the hall, and I was standing and indignation filled our souls when with renewed shouts of laughter. we realized the direful fact that Budell of the advancing malady; but we were Now as I look back over these months opinion as to his lady-love, without reeyed girl over there in the warm, fleecy a venture, "I like Saxon names." Budell with. Again, not many days after he remarked to me apropos des had I pressed him. bottes: "Met rather an interesting girl last night; quite agrees with me on the will Carlyon to spend a fortnight at some extraordinary way. And it seems subject of names." I may be excused his father's place in Scotland, and have to me that it was decidedly embarrassfor neglecting this hint; Budell I think a shot at the grouse. "I've asked ing for Miss Maxwell." would have found a molluse "interest- Marby, Smithers and Budell," he wrote, Smithers married ing" if it had only agreed with him that | "and I expect them all. I know you than to have one's name murdered. He | notions about matrimony; but there are

the second time), to this "interesting Anyhow, we have plenty of birds."

girl" as "Boodle." "Just as though I When I arrived I found the house expressed it. But the most important hint was given the night after Mrs. Burton's ball, at which we had all been Budell was in tolerable spirits, and present. We were lounging in Budell's came out in grand style as master of of the frivolity that passes for conver- busy to inflict any more confidences, sation between young men and maidens. "That's all nonsense," broke in Budell; had yet accomplished his purpose. "it's your own fault at any rate. Why, last night I had quite a serious and ineducation, with a 'maiden.' I even loader in the gun-room when Smithers quoted Scripture to her."

the irreverent Smithers, who thought found Budell and Marby. Smithers every one was as ignorant as himself.

got an idea or two, let me tell you." carry on his conversation without interruption, I am convinced that I, at vite you all to the wedding. least, would have surmised that the acin my state of ignorance. One day, a month or so after, Budell hunted me up to confide to me that the bachelor's club was all bosh; he was over head and ears in love, and did I think he in which "soft brown eyes" and goodness knows what other personal attractions were prominent. When I re- Marby. covered breath I assured him that I and cold with him, for I felt indiguant; the Square Club." it was almost an insult to select me as his confidant, as though my celibate or Smithers'.

received in silence by the Square Club; that would preserve me from matrieven Smithers had at first nothing to mony, Budell hurried into my room. say. At last Marby asked:

"Is it permitted to inquire the lady's place?" Budell looked uncomfortable. "Well, the fact is," he said, "I thought I ought to tell the club at once; but I haven't-that is, I don't quite know how to set about asking the

Budell looked so comically distressed as he made this confession that the club hailed it with a shout of laughter. The notion of the bold and confident Budell finding himself muzzled by the tender passion was too suggestive for our risibility. Budell was seriously annoyed. "I don't think," he said, "that with courtesy." He glared at me as if I moor at 9 o'clock." I especially had been guilty of revealing his confidence. We apologized humbly, and at last pacified him. He really was puzzled as to how to accoma nice girl that hadn't a brute of a seemed to be making himself vastly decade. brother," exclaimed Budell, hastily exceeable. generalizing, and on the second occasion he had even got to the length of informing the object of his affections (to adopt a phrase that used to madden Budell) that he had something to tell her, when her mother entered, and he had hastily to devise some idiotic fact about a flower-show. It was quite evident that his nerve was not quite equal to a third attempt. I suggested that he should write, but it seemed that the young lady, in talking about a certain novel, had laughed the hero to scorn writing his proposal.

"Can't you save her life in some thrilling manner, and then cast yourself at lover kneeling at her seat, and holding her feet? asked the romantic Marby.

"Or can't you get overtaken in a shower, and then you could neatly ask her to share your lot as well as your

Budell smiled faintly. "It's all very well for you fellows to make fun of it and Smithers glared splendidly. Buwhen you haven't to do it yourselves; dell's face it was impossible to see, for but all the same it's a ticklish thing to his back was turned to the audience. lion; but if by any chance he happened | do well. I wish to do it in a nest and | Up till now the performers had all man-"It's my opinion," said Smithers,

> question' in some altogether extra- to lose her nerve. The curtain had not ordinary and absurd manner."

dignity, "we shall see." But when we left him, the idea of the irrepressible Budell being tongue-tied off without a hitch, and the slight mismost enthusiastic member, and horror awoke the echoes of the sflent street idly looking on when Budell, once more

in his usual garb, rushed up to me in a Poor Budell could find no oppor- fever of excitement. was in love and doing his best to get tunity of settling his fate. He revolved married. Had we been women we drearily round my rooms, where he might probably have seen the symptoms | materially interferred with my work by | right. constantly putting skillfully-elaborated only obtuse and short-sighted men. questions to me, devised to extract my I recall incidents that might have been | yealing her name. I rose and fell in warnings. The gradual decrease of his estimation as my answers were what Budell's hilarity at the club and the he desired or not, and I committed cepted. gradual increase of his excursions into myself to an immense number of definite society could hardly, indeed, have been portents, for Budell always did go into society more than the rest of us. The society more than the rest of us. The society more than the rest of us. The society more than the rest of us. first allusion that he made to me about prefer Greek or Saxon names for the lady who was afterward to play ladies?" he once asked me. I answered leau. Under cover of music I told Beatrice to his Benedict was at a con- at random that I liked them both Edith that in all sober earnestness I cert-or rather in a cloak-room after a | equally. "No, but really," he persisted. concert. "That's what I call a pretty "I mean modern names derived from asked her to be girl," he whispered to me, "that dark- these languages." "Well," I replied at she ran away." "Do brown shawl—none of your flimsy white you," he exclaimed; "why, so do I. "Wasn't it splendid doing it under opera cloaks." The girl was pretty in For example, I don't think you could Smithers' very eyes? And then, of a fresh piquant sort of way; and even a find a prettier name than Edith any-sworn bachelor might have been ex- where." "Oho!" I cried, "her name is little drawing-room; and she'll be here sworn bachelor might have been ex- where." "Oho!" I cried, "her name is little drawing-room; and she'll be here cused for being pleased at receiving Edith, is it?" Budell blushed, but directly, whenever she has changed her such a frank smile as she greeted couldn't deny it, and I dare say he costume." would have revealed her surname also

August brought me an invitation from said you would end by proposing in there was nothing more objectionable four have frightful chains-and-slavery

found that he had been introduced (for coming Benedicts I shall be surprised.

rhymed to noodle"-as he indignantly full of pleasant men and agreeable girls; while the grouse gave very fair sport. The club was there in full force. rooms, and Smithers was giving us a the ceremonies, and as the originator highly-colored and graphic illustration of all sorts of amusements. He was too but I had no reason to suppose that he

One afternoon a heavy rain-storm had driven the sportsmen in sooner than teresting conversation about woman's usual; I was examining my breechmysteriously requested me to come to "Bet you a hat you misquoted," said the smoking-room at once. There I had convened the club, and we had the "No, I'm not joking; it's a fact, and I room to ourselves. He briefly explained his object. "I have an announcement Had he only told us that he had vent- to make," he said, "similar to one made ured into the conversation in order to by Budell not long since. I'm going carry on his conversation without in-Budell, I haven't yet put the final quesquisition of an idea or two was not the tion, but I am not afraid of the answer. only result. However, I was not long I have no objection to tell you that the young lady is at present in this bouse. and that her name is Miss Maxwell."

"Good heavens!" ejaculated Budell. "Well," said Marby, "I may as well take this opportunity of informing the ought to tell the other men? Then club that I, too, am going to follow were one or two silk-mills in operation, there followed a shower of apologetics suit. Only Pve taken the precaution to and a company organized and machine speak to the lady first, and Fanny Carlyon is shortly going to become Mrs.

I was thunderstruck. "In that case," thought it was quite incumbent upon I said, with dignity, as I strode from him to inform the club. I was rigid the room, "I am the only member of

Just as I was tying my necktie a few minutes before dinner, and reflecting principles were less fixed than Marby's that, through nervousness, want of leisure and even blighted affections might His amouncement that evening was be got over, I, at least, had a reason

"Look here," he said, "I'm in a deuce of a box! Smithers is going to propose name, and when the marriage is to take to Miss Maxwell, and, hang it, that's Edith!"

> "What! You both in love with Miss Maxwell?" "Yes, and that forward beast, Smith-

> ers, will be sure to propose right off; and I've never had a good opportunity. "My dear Budell, you must make

your opportunity. Do it to-night."
"To-night! Why, it's dinner time already; and after dinner we're to have those blessed tableaux vivants; and goodness knows what Smithers will do while I'm looking after the wretched affairs. And then, to-morrow, I've of dyes, as well as in smoothness of my courtesy to the club has been met | promised Carlyon to start for the east

I endeavored to comfort him by suggesting that possibly Miss Maxwell might refuse Smithers; but Budell plish his proposal. Marby suggested forestalled. He was palpably upset, the old-fashioned plan of plumping and he looked nervous and anxious all down on his knees, like a swain in a dinner-time. The company generally valentine; but Budell paled visibly. It attributed it to the theatrical responwas such a cold-blooded way, he ob- sibility, but they were wrong, Budell jected; yet it appeared he had almost was too old a hand to be anxious about are sold up to production and values adopted it on two occasions. The first anything so simple as tableaux vivants. time a little brute of a brother had in- | Smithers, on the other hand, had seopportunely appeared. "I never knew cured a seat beside Miss Maxwell, and dress-goods industry within the last freely.

dinner, and they were a great success. Budell had skillfully arranged them. without attempting to make them into series, and music, supposed to be appropriate or to have reference to each tableau, was played while the curtain was up. Curiously enough in the second last tableau, Miss Maxwell, Smithers and Budell were to appear by themselves, and still more curiously the subject of it was "The Rivals." Where Budell had got it I don't know; probfor resorting to so cowardly a plan as ably in his inner consciousness. It was supposed to be a woodland scene in the paint-and-powder days. A young lady was discovered seated on a bank with a one of her hands. At a little distance, and unseen by either of the lovers, was a rival glaring from among the trees at the unsuspecting pair. The tableau was very effective. Miss Maxwell looked very charming in her costume, aged to remain as rigid as statues, but in this tableau Miss Maxwell, who had that you'll end by 'popping the already appeared several times, seemed been up a minute when she started, "Very well, sir," said Budell with looked down at Budell, and at last, flushing crimson, fairly ran off the stage. However, the last tableau went

> "By George, sir," he whispered, "congratulate me! I've done it; it's all

And he dragged me along with him from the hall into the empty library. "What on earth do you mean, man?" I exclaimed. "What have you done?" "I've proposed, sir, and I've been ac-

I cordially congratulated him, and

"I'll tell you. I did it in that tabwas at her feet, not in jest alone; and I asked her to be my wife. That's why "No wonder!" I interjected.

"Wasn't it splendid doing it under

"Well, I'm glad you've settled it; and I think Smithers was right when he

AMERICAN DRESS FABRICS.

Their Great Improvement of Late Years.

the country. The two primary causes for this fact are, first, the increasing wealth of customers, enabling them to purchase costlier fabrics; and, second, the improved taste of the masses, growing out of the more-rapid communication between large cities, where fashion holds court and rural communities. The fashionable styles of ladies' costumes in metropolitan cities are soon copied and adopted in the interior towns and villages. Fashion plates have become almost as important as weekly price-lists of market quotations, and women are as eager to learn about fabrics as they are of their cost. To meet this improved taste in quality, as well as style, manufacturers are discarding old looms and substituting new machinery, with processes of finish and weave more in accordance with the progressive spirit of the age. The dressgoods industry has made rapid strides years. Previous to that period silks, cashmeres, nun's veilings, buntings and ed fabrics, were of foreign make. There were one or two silk-mills in operation. ery started in the manufacture of silkwarp alpacas. In the manufacturof worsted dress goods there were races and villas. three corporations whose fabrics had acquired popularity; the qualities, however, were of medium and low grades, and did not include the fine, all-wool or worsted goods. Fine fabrics, whether in silk, wool and worsted, as well as in chintzes, lawns, percales and ginghams, were all imported from abroad. Meantime, home manufact- in ivy and masses of flowers, where we urers were not idle; they soon discerned fabrics, and energetically went to work to meet this growing demand. . Capital was speedily obtained, old mills refitted with the latest improved machinery, new factories built, and the best managers and designers to be found secured. In a short time American silks became popular, and now foules, shoodas, cashmeres, nun's veilings and buntings, which hitherto were so largely imported, are, to a considerable extent, supplied from home manufacture. The two greatest hinderances to the successful introduction of domestic dress goods-lack of color and finish-have been overcome, and in the manipulation texture, American fabrics will compare | railway have surrounded it. What was favorably with the best foreign goods. All the new shades of electric blue, terra cotta, crushed strawberry, cream bronze, and olive in dark as well as the shuddered at the possibility of being most delicate tintings, are reproduced with as much spirit and tone in color as those found in the finest imported fabrics. All the leading makes of cashmeres, nun's veilings, buntings and lace checks of domestic manufacture firmly maintained. This is sufficient

The tableaux began immediately after | Communal Sovereignty in the Colonies. It is a matter of profound interest to observe that whatever may be the variations among these early settlements, we find everywhere the distinct traces of the old English village communities, which again are traced by Freeman and others to a Swiss or German origin. The founders of the first New England towns did not simply settle themselves upon the principle of "squatter sovereignty," each for himself; but they founded municipal organizations, based systematically was this carried out that in an old town like Cambrilge, Mass., day, were all the early tax lists missing, ness, suffering and expense. to determine the comparative worldly condition of the different settlers simply by comparing the proportion which each had to maintain of the great "pallysadoe" or paling which surround- bit be so small that it will but a drop ed the little settlement. These amounts varied from seventy rods, in case of the lowed, and the child has all the coolrichest, to two rods, in case of the poor- ness for its feverish gums without the est; and so well was the work done that est; and so well was the work done that the traces of the "fosse" about the paling still remain in the willow-trees on morsel, the instant quiet which succeeds the play-ground of the Harvard students. These early settlers simply which follows the relief, are the best reproduced, with a few necessary modifications, those local institutions which had come to them from remote ancestors. The town paling the town meeting, the town common, the town pound, the fence-viewers, the field drivers, the militia muster, even the tip-staves of the constables, are "survivals" of institutions older than the Norman conquest of England. Even the most matter-of-fact transactions of their daily life, as the transfer of land by giving a piece of turf, an instance of which occured at Salem, Mass., in 1696, sometimes carry us back to usages absolutely mediaval-in this case to the transfer "by turf and twig" so familiar to historians. All that the New England settlers added to their traditional institutions-and it was a great addition-was the system of common schools. Beyond New England the analogies with inherited custon are, according to Prof. Freeman, less clean and unmistakable; but Prof. Herbert B. Adams has lately shown that the Southern "parish" and "county," the South Carolina "court-green" and "common pastures," as well as the Maryland "manors" and "court-leets," all represent the same inherited principle of communal sovereignty. All these traditional institutions are now being carefully studied, with promise of the most interesting results, by a rising school of historical students in the United States. -T. W. Higginson, in Harper's Magazine.

Sewer Grease.

is put up in small cans can be had of the grocer. Put the lye in an iron ket-tle with water and boil till it is dis-Fashion plays a more important part solved, when it is ready for use. The in the distribution of dress goods than surplus can be kept in a stone jug or in in any former period in the history of a pitcher of earthen or glass. Do not put in tin or wood.

London Suburbs.

The suburbs of the metropolis, all of them full of historical and interesting associations, and most of them, within the memory of living men, full of historical mansions, are fast losing, with their fields and woods, the old and distinctive flavor. Kensington has long since been built over; there are no longer fields at Notting Hill; Shepherd's Bush, in whose thickets the footpads used to lie in wait for those who had escaped the highwaymen from the new shades and texture of dress Hounslow Heath, is a labyrinth of mean streets and "jerry-built" houses. On the south side London has spread itself out for fifteen miles across the Surrey hills; there is little left of the sweet rusticity of Dulwich; Clapham and Wimbledon have their commons still, but they are now great towns; Forest Hill has lost its forest, and in the United States within the past ten | Penge its hanging woods. On the west there are houses as far as Brentford, Kew and Richmond; on the east the all other dress goods, aside from worst- old village of Stratford-on-the-Bow has become a great town of 60,000 inhabitants, and the leafy, little, secluded villages which stand upon the southern edge of Epping Forest are united by rows of mean, hideous, monotonous ter-

The way in which new suburbs spring up is like the dreams of a Western speculator whose imagination is let loose upon a plotting paper, and month after month the green fields and still villages become more distant from St. Paul's. The tavern which to-day stands in its own grounds, wrapped up may escape the noise of the city in rural the tendency of the masses for finer privacy, may soon be transformed into a vulgar "public," serving pots of washy ale over the counter, and the bowers around it to be swept away to make room for shops and cottages.

At one outpost in London is an Elizabethan mansion-real Elizabethan and real mansion-which has a dignity and genuineness about its grandeur not common in these days of veneer and affectation in buildings and nomenclature. It has been the manor for generations, and up to last year it held a position of lofty isolation in its park, where the hawthorns and limes almost hid it from the outside world. But in twelve months it has become an anomaly. New homes, new shops and a country a year ago is now an integral part of the city, and the old manorhouse, with its glory unimpaired, has suddenly become an anachronism .- W. H. Rideing, in Harper's Magazine.

Hygienic Hints.

Dr. Cleanliness is the most competent and reliable of all physicians; his charges are lowest, the diet he prescribes the most wholesome, his mediproof of the great progress made in the tients the longest lived. Consult him

> Do not keep a swill-barrel half filled with fermenting milk and corn cobs in the back kitchen. Far better have hogs enough to consume the kitchen and dairy refuse before it is a day old, or feed it to the cattle. Better bury it in the compost heap than have it standing around day after day, to draw flies and pollute the air of our homes.

For a home-made disinfectant dissolve a bushel of salt in a barrel of water, and with the salt water slack a barrel of lime, which should be wet enough to form a kind of paste. For the purpose of a disinfectant this homeon a common control of the land. So made chloride of lime is nearly as good as that purchased at the shops. Use it freely about sinks, cellars, gutters and for instance, it would be easy at this outhouses, and in this way prevent sick-

The pain of teething may almost be benefited by giving it very small bits of ice to melt in its mouth. Let the of warm water before it can be swalhours of fretfulness, and the sleep witnesses to the magic remedy.

Sardines. Nearly all the fish eaten in America as sardines come from Maine. They are small herring. Sometimes only a bushel or two are taken at a time, and at others so many as to endanger the net. The degree of dexterity with which they are cleaned is astonishing, especially as it is done by very young children. After this they are placed on large gridirons, and suspended over a hot fire to broil. The boxes are prepared with attractive French labels indicating olive oil, but this is false, as the oil is cottonseed. The packing is another operation at which little people are expert. A fish is seized in each hand and laid lengthwise in the box, first a head at the outer end and then a tail. After the boxes are full a small quantity of oil is poured in, and then they are passed to men who solder them tightly. They are next thrown into an immense cauldron, where they are boiled two hours, thus completing the cooking process, and dissolving the bones of the fish. One of the establishments in Lubec prepares about 4,000 boxes daily, and there are nineteen such places in Eastport, beside many others at sea-port towns. The actual cost per box, including all expenses, is said to be five cents.

Why It Would Sound Better.

Little 5-year-old Annie, who was suffering from a bad cold, went to pay a visit to auntie. During the day she re-Householders are frequently troubled lated her various successes at school, with the grease that adhers to the sides and ended by declaring that she could of sewer pipes and sink drains, and read a good deal better than Sabrina, Smithers married Edith Maxwell's would like to know how to remove it. | who was 5 year old. "Weil," quessister eighteen months after the tab-leau.

A strong solution of concentrated lye will do the work thoroughly. The soap, dirt, and grease that has accumulated swered Annie, with a sober countenwas nervously anxious that his name lots of nice girls staying here with about the accent on the second syllable; and I afterward with the full intention of forthwith beHUMOR.

[From Carl Pretzel's Weekly.] VERY intrusive-The stomach-pump. THE belle of the ball-A target bell. A MELANCHOLY lover is usually a

SAL(I)VATION army-Allopathic

physicians. A CLOCK to its striker-"I need thee every hour.

It is not rank, nor birth, nor station that makes a man stand up to business.

but a well-located boil. "ALL's well that ends well," as the carpenter remarked when he put the finishing touches on a well-curb.

How pores a peacock, with brilliant tale plumage, resemble a story-writer? Both pride themselves upon their tales. THE saloon man has lots of liberties. He can punch men and sling them, and even mash them, and no offense is given. He usually charges for it, but don't like

THE old adage, "Put not your trust in Kings," is exemplified when a royal flush or an ace-full in some other fellow's hand gets away with your three monarchs and the "boodle."

BREATHES there the man with sole so dead, Who never hath to shoe-shop fled; And there the careless maker d—d

Of boots wherein is left a peg
To pierce your foot and laine a leg.
And then that Knight of Crispin lammed? THE summit of the "kid's" ambition is reached when his age entitles him to be placed in the big chair by the barber instead of upon the foot-rest when he goes to the shop for a haircut.

Oh, don't I remember fleet Alice, the colt,

Fleet Alice, whose hair was so brown;
On whom I went "broke" when the 2-year-old

cup, She tost when her gambrels broke down! In an old back-yard we buried that colt, In a corner obscure and alone; And no more was my cash in a steeple-chase

Or in aught other races e'er "blown."

[From Chicago Check.] Bad eggs are the strong voice of public sentiment. They speak louder than words. They carry conviction and effluvia with them.

THE fashion news from Paris is that in some of the new evening toilets for women the left shoulder is wholly bared. This is a big improvement over the exposition of the wish-bone.

MARRIAGE has recently made a Pennsylvania lady the mother-in-law of her brother, her daughter-in-law being older than herself. Poor thing! what a responsibility she has escaped.

THE story is current that a 3-year-old child was carried away up in the air by toy balloons in North Carolina recently. This is not more probable than the woman that was carried away in this city by a blond mustache. Queer world. ALL the deceit in this country is not

confined to the women by a long range shot. Look at this: "The Discussion of a Family Scandal" was the subject advertised by a San Francisco clergyman. The house was crowded, and he talked about Adam and Eve.

OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES laughs at superstitious people, but he carries a horse-chestnut in his pocket as a protection against rheumatism. Oliver would laugh upon the other side of his mouth if he ever sits down upon that chestnut when it tickleth like a cactus over sloughed with its ticklers from Tickleville.

Old London Taverns.

If coziness is needed as a condition under which authors gain most inspiration, such an abundance of that luxury has been bestowed upon them, in one direction, ever since the time of Shakspeare, that, whatever hardships they may have endured in private life, they have had little cause to complain of their public "entertainment." So closely, indeed, have the old coffeehouses, inns, and taverns in London become associated with the names of men of letters, so endless are the anecdotes done away and the health of the child told of these eccentric people, of their savings and doings, their witticisms and their epigrams, which have reached us from these snug retreats, that no biography of a literary man of any note who has lived any time during the last 300 years, would be complete without some reference to more than one old city tavern. They were the "houses of old" for those who had a fund of learning, and were eager to exchange ideas. The surroundings were eminently characteristic of men who placed erudition before every other "circumstance" by which our lives are governed. Here they could "feast" over each other's words, and serve them up rechauffe with a bowl of punch. The floors were sanded, the pipes were of clay, and the seats were wooden high-backed benches. This may not be the modern notion of comfort; but to men so conservative by nature, a warm room and a curtained compartment, where Shakspeare and Ben Johnson had sat in seats of honor, was an ample compensation for the absence of showiness and ease; and the gloom and mystery of the courts and alleys in which these old taverns were invariably found, was perhaps the secret of their attraction to men of a thoughtful and retiring disposition. New faces were seldom seen; it was a sort of club life, in which the choice of companionship was made in the manner naturally adopted by "birds of a feather," flocking in taverns, as in

Numerous burglaries go undetected in Sing Sing, N. Y., and the Detroit Free Press moralizes: The man who swims where sharks are in the habit of swimming, the mouse which jumps upon the cat's back are supposed to be types of recklessness and pluck. But the burglar who plies his trade in a State's prison evidently doesn't think himself in danger on that account.

An Arabic manuscript, dating from the latter half of the fourteenth century (1365), conveys the curious information that the merchant vessels trading at that time in the Indian ocean carried four divers, whose duties were solely to discover and stop leaks in the hull of the craft below the water line. Sound of the trickling water indicated the points of danger.

THEY most enjoy the world who least dmire. - Young.